

# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

### STATE ONLY OPERATING PERMIT

Issue Date: June 13, 2017 Effective Date: June 13, 2017

Expiration Date: May 31, 2022

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable unless otherwise designated.

State Only Permit No: 24-00165

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 20-5949329-5

	Owner Information	
Name: ELKHOF	RN GAS PROCESSING, LLC	
Mailing Address: 4613 E 9	PIST ST	
TULSA, (	OK 74137-2852	

**Plant Information** 

Plant: WHITETAIL GAS PROC LLC/WHITETAIL

Location: 24 Elk County 24910 Jones Township

SIC Code: 1321 Mining - Natural Gas Liquids

Responsible Official

Name: JACK BENTLEY
Title: MANAGER

Phone: (918) 492 - 4418 Ext.202

Permit Contact Person

Name: SEAN JACOWAY

Title: OPERATIONS DIRECTOR Phone: (918) 492 - 4418 Ext.209

[Signature]	
CHRISTINA S. WILHELM, NORTHWEST REGION AIR PROGRAMMANAGE	R





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Note: These same sub-sections are repeated for each source!

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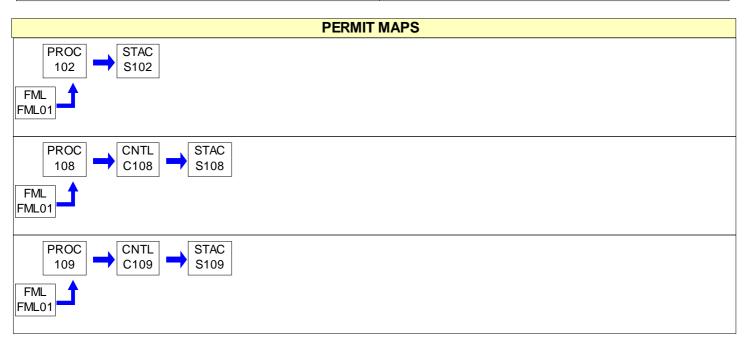
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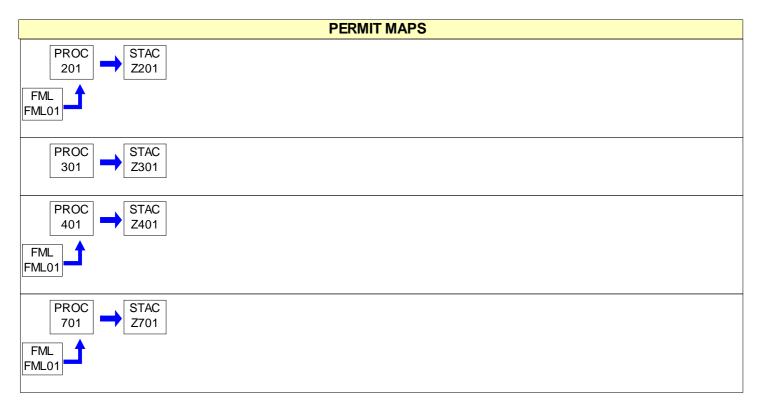


## SECTION A. Site Inventory List

Source II	D Source Name	Capacity	Throughput	Fuel/Material
102	REFRIGERATION COMPRESSOR 277 HP AJAX DPC-2202LE (C0510)	1.960	MCF/HR	Natural Gas
108	INLET COMPRESSOR ENGINE 700 HP CAT G398TA (C0540)	4.862	MCF/HR	Natural Gas
109	EMERGENCY GENERATOR 162 HP KOHLER 100REZG	1.164	CF/HR	Natural Gas
201	HEAT MEDIUM HEATER	1.460	MMBTU/HR	
		1.000	MCF/HR	Natural Gas
301	STORAGE TANKS (V-2910 & V-2920)	300.000	Gal/HR	
401	GLYCOL DEHYDRATOR	1.250	MMBTU/HR	
		1.000	MCF/HR	NATURAL GAS
701	EQUIPMENT LEAKS - GAS PROCESSING PLANT	1.000	MCF/HR	NATURAL GAS
C108	CATALYTIC CONVERTER FOR 700 HP CAT COMPRESSOR ENGINE			
C109	CATALYST FOR 2009 KOHLER EMERGENCY GENERATOR			
FML01	NATURAL GAS			
S102	REFRIGERANT COMPRESSOR STACK			
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## **SECTION B.** General State Only Requirements

#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]

Definitions.

Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.

#002 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446]

**Operating Permit Duration.** 

- (a) This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit.
- (b) The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new operating permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit.

#003 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446 & 127.703(b)&(c)]

#### Permit Renewal.

- (a) The permittee shall submit a timely and complete application for renewal of the operating permit to the appropriate Regional Air Program Manager. The application for renewal of the operating permit shall be submitted at least six (6) months and not more than 18 months before the expiration date of this permit.
- (b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, a description of any permit revisions that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.
- (c) The permittee shall submit with the renewal application a fee for the processing of the application and an additional annual administrative fee as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b) and (c). The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and shall be for the amount specified in the following schedule specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b) and (c).
  - (1) Three hundred dollars for applications filed during the 2000-2004 calendar years.
  - (2) Three hundred seventy-five dollars for applications filed for the calendar years beginning in 2005.
- (d) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413.
- (e) The application for renewal of the operating permit shall also include submission of supplemental compliance review forms in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) and § 127.412(j).
- (f) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the permittee submits a complete application, but prior to the date the Department takes action on the permit application.

#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.703]

Operating Permit Fees under Subchapter I.

- (a) The permittee shall pay fees according to the following schedule specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b):
  - (1) Three hundred dollars for applications filed during the 2000-2004 calendar years.
  - (2) Three hundred seventy-five dollars for applications filed for the calendar years beginning in 2005.

This fee schedule shall apply to the processing of an application for an operating permit as well as the extension,







## **SECTION B.** General State Only Requirements

modification, revision, renewal, and re-issuance of each operating permit or part thereof.

- (b) The permittee shall pay an annual operating permit administrative fee according to the fee schedule established in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(c).
  - (1) Two hundred fifty dollars for applications filed during the 1995-1999 calendar years.
  - (2) Three hundred dollars for applications filed during the 2000-2004 calendar years.
  - (3) Three hundred seventy-five dollars for applications filed during the years beginning in 2005.
- (c) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund".

## #005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450 (a)(4) and 127.464]

**Transfer of Operating Permits.** 

- (a) This operating permit may not be transferred to another person, except in cases of transfer-of-ownership that are documented and approved by the Department.
- (b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if the Department determines that no other change in the permit is required and a written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee and a compliance review form has been submitted to, and the permit transfer has been approved by, the Department.
- (c) This operating permit is valid only for those specific sources and the specific source locations described in this permit.

# #006 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441 and 35 P.S. § 4008] Inspection and Entry.

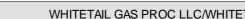
- (a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Department or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:
- (1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, any substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.
- (b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act or regulations adopted thereunder including denying the Department access to a source at this facility. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of criminal and/or civil penalties.
- (c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

## #007 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441 & 127.444]

Compliance Requirements.

(a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this operating permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes





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## **SECTION B.** General State Only Requirements

a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one or more of the following:

- (1) Enforcement action
- (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
- (3) Denial of a permit renewal application
- (b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued for the source is operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.
- (c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this State-Only permit. Nothing in this sub-condition shall be construed to create an independent affirmative duty upon the permittee to obtain a predetermination from the Department for physical configuration or engineering design detail changes made by the permittee.

#008 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it was necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

#### #009 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.442(a) & 127.461]

**Duty to Provide Information.** 

- (a) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of each source at the facility.
- (b) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, in writing, information that the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to maintain in accordance with this permit.

#### #010 [25 Pa. Code § 127.461]

Revising an Operating Permit for Cause.

This operating permit may be terminated, modified, suspended or revoked and reissued if one or more of the following applies:

- (1) The permittee constructs or operates the source subject to the operating permit so that it is in violation of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, a plan approval, a permit or in a manner that causes air pollution.
- (2) The permittee fails to properly or adequately maintain or repair an air pollution control device or equipment attached to or otherwise made a part of the source.
- (3) The permittee has failed to submit a report required by the operating permit or an applicable regulation.
- (4) The EPA determines that the permit is not in compliance with the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

#### #011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450 & 127.462]

**Operating Permit Modifications** 

(a) The permittee is authorized to make administrative amendments, minor operating permit modifications and







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significant operating permit modifications, under this permit, as outlined below:

- (b) Administrative Amendments. The permittee shall make administrative operating permit amendments (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)), according to procedures specified in § 127.450 unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or its regulations.
- (c) Minor Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall make minor operating permit modifications (as defined 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.462.
- (d) Permit modifications which do not qualify as minor permit modifications under 25 Pa. Code § 127.541 will be treated as a significant operating permit revision subject to the public notification procedures in §§ 127.424 and 127.425.

#### #012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Severability Clause.

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

#### #013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.449]

De Minimis Emission Increases.

- (a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 so long as the permittee provides the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase. The written notice shall:
  - (1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.
- (2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.
- (b) The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.
- (c) Except as provided below in (d), the permittee is authorized to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:
- (1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
  - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (d) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee is authorized to install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval or permit modification:



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- (1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.
  - (2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.
- (3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code §123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.
  - (4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.
  - (5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
  - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (e) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:
- (1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.
- (2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.
- (3) Violate any applicable requirement of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.
- (f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.
- (g) Except for de minimis emission increases, installation of minor sources made pursuant to this permit condition and Plan Approval Exemptions under 25 Pa. Code § 127.14 (relating to exemptions), the permittee is prohibited from making changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.
- (h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

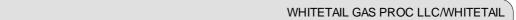
#### #014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

#### Operational Flexibility.

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the facility in accordance with the regulatory provisions outlined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.3 (relating to operational flexibility) to implement the operational flexibility requirements provisions authorized under Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act and the operational flexibility terms and conditions of this permit. The provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements include the following:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with Federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)







### **SECTION B.** General State Only Requirements

- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and general operating permits)

#### #015 [25 Pa. Code § 127.11]

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#### Reactivation

- (a) The permittee may not reactivate a source that has been out of operation or production for at least one year unless the reactivation is conducted in accordance with a plan approval granted by the Department or in accordance with reactivation and maintenance plans developed and approved by the Department in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(a).
- (b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

#### #016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.36]

Health Risk-based Emission Standards and Operating Practice Requirements.

- (a) When needed to protect public health, welfare and the environment from emissions of hazardous air pollutants from new and existing sources, the permittee shall comply with the health risk-based emission standards or operating practice requirements imposed by the Department, except as precluded by §§ 6.6(d)(2) and (3) of the Air Pollution Control Act [35 P.S. § 4006.6(d)(2) and (3)].
- (b) A person challenging a performance or emission standard established by the Department has the burden to demonstrate that performance or emission standard does not meet the requirements of Section 112 of the Clean Air Act.

### #017 [25 Pa. Code § 121.9]

#### Circumvention.

No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of 25 Pa. Code Article III, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

#### #018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.442]

## Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting requirements of the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, the Air Pollution Control Act and 25 Pa. Code Article III including Chapters 127, 135 and 139.
- (b) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of any air contamination source.
- (c) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager
PA Department of Environmental Protection
(At the address given in the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

- (d) Any records or information including applications, forms, or reports submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain a certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy and completeness. The certifications submitted under this permit shall require a responsible official of the facility to certify that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the documents are true, accurate and complete.
- (e) Any records, reports or information submitted to the Department shall be available to the public except for such







## **SECTION B. General State Only Requirements**

records, reports or information which meet the confidentiality requirements of § 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and §§ 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act. The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the facility.

#### #019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 135.5]

#### Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 and the other applicable requirements of 25 Pa. Code Article III and additional requirements related to monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping required by the Clean Air Act and the regulations thereunder including the Compliance Assurance Monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 64, where applicable.
- (b) Unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, sampling, testing and monitoring required by or used by the permittee to demonstrate compliance with any applicable regulation or permit condition shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139.

### #020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) and 135.5]

#### Recordkeeping.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, the following records of monitored information:
  - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
  - (2) The dates the analyses were performed.
  - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
  - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
  - (5) The results of the analyses.
  - (6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of any required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring, sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions.

#### #021 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441(a)]

**Property Rights.** 

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.

#022 [25 Pa. Code § 127.447]

**Alternative Operating Scenarios.** 

The permittee is authorized to make changes at the facility to implement alternative operating scenarios identified in this permit in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.447.







#### SECTION C. **Site Level Requirements**

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §121.7]

#### Prohibition of air pollution.

No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P. S. § \$4001—4015).

#### [25 Pa. Code §123.1] # 002

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

- (a) No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:
  - (1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.
  - (2) Grading, paving and maintenance of roads and streets.
- (3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.
  - (4) Clearing of land.
  - (5) Stockpiling of materials.
  - (6) Open burning operations.
  - (7) [Not Applicable]
  - (8) [Not Applicable]
- (9) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified above, for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:
  - (i) the emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and
- (ii) the emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

#### **Fugitive particulate matter**

A person may not permit fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in 25 Pa. Code § 123.1(a)(1)-(9) [Condition #002] (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions), if such emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the person's property.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

#### Limitations

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source, in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the source is being operated.

#### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

### Limitations

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

- (1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour.
- (2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.



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### **SECTION C.** Site Level Requirements

### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

#### **Exceptions**

The limitations of § 123.41 (relating to limitations), shall not apply to a visible emission in any of the following instances:

- (1) When the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.
- (2) When the emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions.
- (3) When the emission results from sources specified in 25 Pa. Code § 123.1(a)(1)-(9) [Section C, Condition #002] (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions).
  - (4) [Not Applicable]

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

#### Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

- (1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.
- (2) Observers, trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §135.5]

#### Recordkeeping

Source owners or operators shall maintain and make available upon request by the Department records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with § § 135.3 and 135.21 (relating to reporting; and emission statements). These may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 009 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

#### Reporting

- (a) A person who owns or operates a source to which this chapter applies, and who has previously been advised by the Department to submit a source report, shall submit by March 1 of each year a source report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the proceeding calendar year and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported.
- (b) [Paragraph (b) is no longer applicable to this facility since the initial source report was received in 2016.]
- (c) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of a source report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#### # 010 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

#### Report format

Source reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Source



## 24-00165



### **SECTION C.** Site Level Requirements

reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

## Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

[From 25 Pa. Code § 123.1(c)]

A person responsible for any source specified in 25 Pa. Code § 123.1(a)(1) - (7) or (9) [Condition #002] shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. These actions shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.
- (2) Application of asphalt, oil, water or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts.
  - (3) Paving and maintenance of roadways.
- (4) Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or other means.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

## # 012 [25 Pa. Code §129.14]

## Open burning operations

- (a) [Not Applicable]
- (b) Outside of air basins. No person may permit the open burning of material in an area outside of air basins in a manner that:
- (1) The emissions are visible, at any time, at the point such emissions pass outside the property of the person on whose land the open burning is being conducted.
- (2) Malodorous air contaminants from the open burning are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the open burning is being conducted.
  - (3) The emissions interfere with the reasonable enjoyment of life or property.
  - (4) The emissions cause damage to vegetation or property.
  - (5) The emissions are or may be deleterious to human or animal health.
- (c) Exceptions: The requirements of subsection (b) does not apply where the open burning operations result from:
- (1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.
  - (2) A fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.
  - (3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
  - (4) [Not Applicable]





## **SECTION C.** Site Level Requirements

- (5) [Not Applicable]
- (6) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
- (7) A fire set solely for cooking food.
- (d) Clearing and grubbing wastes. The following is applicable to clearing and grubbing wastes:
  - (1) As used in this subsection the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Air curtain destructor -- A mechanical device which forcefully projects a curtain of air across a pit in which open burning is being conducted so that combustion efficiency is increased and smoke and other particulate matter are contained.

Clearing and grubbing wastes -- Trees, shrubs, and other native vegetation which are cleared from land during or prior to the process of construction. The term does not include demolition wastes and dirt laden roots.

- (2) [Not Applicable]
- (3) Subsection (b) notwithstanding clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned outside of an air basin, subject to the following limitations:
- (i) Upon receipt of a complaint or determination by the Department that an air pollution problem exists, the Department may order that the open burning cease or comply with subsection (b) of this section.
- (ii) Authorization for open burning under this paragraph does not apply to clearing and grubbing wastes transported from an air basin for disposal outside of an air basin.
- (4) During an air pollution episode, open burning is limited by Chapter 137 (relating to air pollution episodes) and shall cease as specified in such chapter.

[This permit does not constitute authorization to burn solid waste pursuant to Section 610(3) of the Solid Waste Management Act, 35 P.S. Section 6018.610(3), or any other provision of the Solid Waste Management Act.]

#### VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to State Only General Requirements).

#### IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.



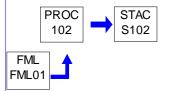
SECTION D.



## Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 102 Source Name: REFRIGERATION COMPRESSOR 277 HP AJAX DPC-2202LE (C0510)

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.960 MCF/HR Natural Gas



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

#### **General**

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

## # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The internal combustion engine shall be designed and operated so emissions do not exceed the following:
- (1) NOx at rated brake horsepower and operating at rated speed 2.0 grams per brake horsepower-hour (gms/bhp-hr) for gas fired units;
  - (2) VOC at rated brake horsepower and operating at rated speed 1.9 gms/bhp-hr;
  - (3) CO at rated brake horsepower and operating at rated speed 2.0 gms/bhp-hr; and,
- (4) At operating conditions less than rated capacity, internal combustion engines shall, on a pounds per hour basis, emit no more than they emit at rated brake horsepower and rated speed.
  - (5) Visible emissions in excess of the following limitations:
    - (i) Equal to or greater than 10% for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour.
    - (ii) Equal to or greater than 30% at any time.
- (b) The emission limitations shall apply at all times except during periods of start-up and shut-down, provided, however, that the duration of start-up and shut-down do not exceed one hour per occurrence.
- (c) This source is subject to 25 Pa Code §§ 123.1 and 123.31 for fugitive and odor emissions, respectively.
- (d) No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of filterable particulate matter (FPM) in a manner that the concentration of filterable particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds 0.02 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 102, Condition 002]

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

This source has been determined to be exempt from the testing requirement of Plan Approval 24-165A, Section D, Source 102, Condition 003 and Plan Approval 24-165A, Section D, Source 102, Condition 006.





The annual testing requirement for 277 hp Refrigeration Compressor of Source 102 was removed from the State Only operating permit. Reference document: May 23, 2011, IOP Inspection for Plan Approval memo in NWRO file AQ/Facilities/Permits/24-0165B.]

#### MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain comprehensive accurate records which, at a minimum, shall include the following. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
  - (1) The number of hours that each engine operated on a 12-month rolling total.
  - (2) The amount of fuel used in each engine on a 12-month rolling total.
- (b) [Reserved. The requirement from Plan Approval 24-165A Condition 004(b) has been determined to be no longer applicable.]
- (c) These records shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made available to the Department upon request. The Department reserves the right to expand the list contained in this condition as it may reasonably prescribe pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of the Pennsylvania Air Pollution Control Act (35 P. S. §§ 4001-4015), and as it may deem necessary to determine compliance with any condition contained herein.
- (d) The permittee shall maintain a record of all preventative maintenance inspections of the source. These records shall, at a minimum, contain the dates of the inspections, any problems or defects, the actions taken to correct the problem or defects, and any routine maintenance performed. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
- (e) The permittee shall maintain a record of the following from the operational inspections. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
  - (1) Engine Load
  - (2) Engine Speed

[From plan approval 24-165A, Section D, Source 102, Condition 004 and plan approval 24-165B, Section D, Source 102, Condition 008]

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall perform a daily operational inspection of the source for any day the source is in operation.
- (b) The permittee shall install, maintain and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and in







accordance with good air pollution control practices.

[From plan approval 24-165A, Section D, Source 102, Condition 005 and plan approval 24-165B, Section D, Source 102, Condition 010]

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).





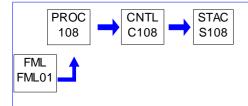


Source ID: 108 Source Name: INLET COMPRESSOR ENGINE 700 HP CAT G398TA (C0540)

Source Capacity/Throughput: 4.862 MCF/HR Natural Gas

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 1 - STATIONARY RICE - PA REQMTS

2 - NESHAP FOR RICE



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).





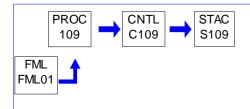


Source ID: 109 Source Name: EMERGENCY GENERATOR 162 HP KOHLER 100REZG

> Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.164 CF/HR Natural Gas

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: 1 - STATIONARY RICE - PA REQMTS

3 - NSPS FOR ICE



#### RESTRICTIONS. L

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### **TESTING REQUIREMENTS.**

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS. IV.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS. VI.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS. VII.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).



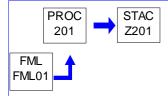




Source ID: 201 Source Name: HEAT MEDIUM HEATER

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.460 MMBTU/HR

1.000 MCF/HR Natural Gas



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

#### **Combustion units**

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from a combustion unit in excess of the rate of 4 pounds per million Btu of heat input over any 1-hour period.

#### Fuel Restriction(s).

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

The heater shall burn natural gas fuel only.

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 101, Condition 002. Source 101 was reassigned new Source ID of 201 by PA DEP Central Office.]

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain a record of all preventative maintenance inspections of the source. These records shall, at a minimum, contain the dates of the inspections, any problems or defects, the actions taken to correct the problem or defects, and any routine maintenance performed. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
- (b) The permittee shall maintain a record of the following from the operational inspections. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
  - · Operational check performed

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 101, Condition 003. Source 101 was reassigned new Source ID of 201 by PA DEP Central Office.]







#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall perform a daily operational inspection of the source for any day the source is in operation.
- (b) The permittee shall install, maintain and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with good air pollution control practices.

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 101, Condition 004. Source 101 was reassigned new Source ID of 201 by PA DEP Central Office.]

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

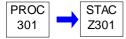






Source ID: 301 Source Name: STORAGE TANKS (V-2910 & V-2920)

Source Capacity/Throughput: 300.000 Gal/HR



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

#### Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain a record of all preventative maintenance inspections of the source. These records shall, at a minimum, contain the dates of the inspections, any problems or defects, the actions taken to correct the problem or defects, and any routine maintenance performed. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
- (b) The permittee shall maintain a record of the following from the operational inspections. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
  - · Operational check performed

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 104, Condition 001. Source ID 104 was reassigned new Source ID of 301 by PA DEP Central Office.]

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall perform a daily operational inspection of the source for any day the source is in operation.
- (b) The permittee shall install, maintain and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with good air pollution control practices.

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 104, Condition 002. Source ID 104 was reassigned new Source ID of 301 by PA DEP Central Office.]





#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §129.57]

#### Storage tanks less than or equal to 40,000 gallons capacity containing VOCs

The provisions of this section shall apply to above ground stationary storage tanks with a capacity equal to or greater than 2,000 gallons which contain volatile organic compounds with vapor pressure greater than 1.5 psia (10.5 kilopascals) under actual storage conditions.

Storage tanks covered under this section shall have pressure relief valves which are maintained in good operating condition and which are set to release at no less than 0.7 psig (4.8 kilopascals) of pressure or 0.3 psig (2.1 kilopascals) of vacuum or the highest possible pressure and vacuum in accordance with state or local fire codes or the National Fire Prevention Association guidelines or other national consensus standards acceptable to the Department.

Section 129.56(g) (relating to storage tanks greater than 40,000 gallons capacity containing volatile organic compounds) applies to this section.

Petroleum liquid storage vessels which are used to store produced crude oil and condensate prior to lease custody transfer shall be exempt from the requirements of this section.

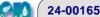
From 25 Pa. Code § 129.56(g):

(g) For volatile organic compounds whose storage temperature is governed by ambient weather conditions, the vapor pressure under actual storage conditions shall be determined using a temperature which is representative of the average storage temperature for the hottest month of the year in which the storage takes place.

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).



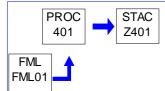




Source ID: 401 Source Name: GLYCOL DEHYDRATOR

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.250 MMBTU/HR

1.000 MCF/HR NATURAL GAS



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

VOC emissions from this source shall not exceed 2.55 tons per year (based upon a 12 consecutive month rolling total).

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 103, Condition 001, as modified with the March 2, 2016, approval of RFD # 5552. The glycol dehydrator, formally Source ID 103, was re-assigned new Source ID 401 by PA DEP Central Office.]

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain the following records (Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.):
- (1) Monthly records of VOC emissions from this source using GRI's "Gly Calc" procedure or by using an alternative method approved by the Department.
  - (2) Daily records shall be maintained of the inlet gas throughput, the glycol circulation rate, and inlet gas temperature.
- (b) The permittee shall maintain a record of all preventative maintenance inspections of the source. These records shall, at a minimum, contain the dates of the inspections, any problems or defects, the actions taken to correct the problem or defects, and any routine maintenance performed. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain a record of the following from the operational inspections. Recordkeeping shall commence at the time of the start-up of each source.
  - Operational check performed

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 103, Condition 002. The glycol dehydrator, formally Source ID







103, was re-assigned new Source ID 401 by PA DEP Central Office.]

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall perform a daily operational inspection of the source for any day the source is in operation.
- (b) The permittee shall install, maintain and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with good air pollution control practices.

[From Plan Approvals 24-165A & 24-165B, Section D, Source 103, Condition 003. The glycol dehydrator, formally Source ID 103, was re-assigned new Source ID 401 by PA DEP Central Office.]

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

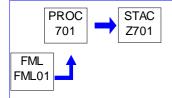






Source ID: 701 Source Name: EQUIPMENT LEAKS - GAS PROCESSING PLANT

Source Capacity/Throughput: 1.000 MCF/HR NATURAL GAS



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

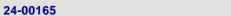
# 001 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.485]
Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Test methods and procedures.

- (a) In conducting the performance tests required in §60.8, the owner or operator shall use as reference methods and procedures the test methods in appendix A of this part or other methods and procedures as specified in this section, except as provided in §60.8(b).
- (b) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the standards in §60.482-1 through 60.482-10, 60.483, and 60.484 as follows:
- (1) Method 21 shall be used to determine the presence of leaking sources. The instrument shall be calibrated before use each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21. The following calibration gases shall be used:
  - (i) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and
- (ii) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of about, but less than, 10,000 ppm methane or n-hexane.
- (c) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the no detectable emission standards in §60.482-2(e), 60.482-3(i), 60.482-4, 60.482-7(f), and 60.482-10(e) as follows:
  - (1) The requirements of paragraph (b) shall apply.
- (2) Method 21 shall be used to determine the background level. All potential leak interfaces shall be traversed as close to the interface as possible. The arithmetic difference between the maximum concentration indicated by the instrument and the background level is compared with 500 ppm for determining compliance.
- (d) The owner or operator shall test each piece of equipment unless he demonstrates that a process unit is not in VOC service, i.e., that the VOC content would never be reasonably expected to exceed 10 percent by weight. For purposes of this demonstration, the following methods and procedures shall be used:
  - (1) [Not applicable to this facility. See 60.632(f) for applicable requirement.]
- (2) Organic compounds that are considered by the Administrator to have negligible photochemical reactivity may be excluded from the total quantity of organic compounds in determining the VOC content of the process fluid.
- (3) Engineering judgment may be used to estimate the VOC content, if a piece of equipment had not been shown previously to be in service. If the Administrator disagrees with the judgment, paragraphs (d) (1) and (2) of this section shall



SECTION D.



**Source Level Requirements** 



be used to resolve the disagreement.

- (e) The owner or operator shall demonstrate that a piece of equipment is in light liquid service by showing that all the following conditions apply:
- (1) The vapor pressure of one or more of the components is greater than 0.3 kPa at 20° C (1.2 in. H2O at 68° F). Standard reference texts or ASTM D2879-83, 96, or 97 (incorporated by reference -- see § 60.17) shall be used to determine the vapor pressures.
- (2) The total concentration of the pure components having a vapor pressure greater than 0.3 kPa at 20° C (1.2 in. H2O at 68 °F) is equal to or greater than 20 percent by weight.
  - (3) The fluid is a liquid at operating conditions.

[60.633(h) provides an alternative method to (e)]

- (f) Samples used in conjunction with paragraphs (d), (e), and (g) of this section shall be representative of the process fluid that is contained in or contacts the equipment or the gas being combusted in the flare.
- (g) [Not appliable to this facility]
- (h) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with §60.483-1 or §60.483-2 as follows:
  - (1) The percent of valves leaking shall be determined using the following equation:

$$%VL = (VL/VT) * 100$$

Where: %VL = Percent leaking valves

VL = Number of valves found leaking

VT = The sum of the total number of valves monitored.

- (2) The total number of valves monitored shall include difficult-to-monitor and unsafe-to-monitor valves only during the monitoring period in which those vavles are monitored.
  - (3) The number of valves leaking shall include valves for which repair has been delayed.
- (4) Any new valve that is not monitored within 30 days of being placed in service shall be included in the number of valves leaking and the total number of valves monitored for the monitoring period in which the valve is placed in service.
- (5) If the process unit has been subdivided in accordance with §60.482-7(c)(1)(ii), the sum of valves found leaking during a monitoring period includes all subgroups.
  - (6) The total number of valves monitored does not include a valve monitored to verify repair.

[54 FR 6678, Feb. 14, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 27016, June 27, 1989; 65 FR 61763, Oct. 17, 2000; 72 FR 64882, Nov. 16, 2007]

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.482-1]
Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Standards: General.

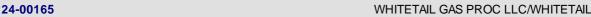
(a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall demonstrate compliance with the requirements of sections 60.482-1 to 60.482-10 or 60.480(e) for all equipment within 180 days of initial startup.



- (b) Compliance with 60.482-1 to 60.482-10 will be determined by review of records and reports, review of performance test results, and inspection using the methods and procedures specified in 60.485.
- (c) [Not applicable]
- (d) Equipment that is in vacuum service is excluded from the requirements of 60.482-2 to 60.482-10 if it is identified as required in 60.486(e)(5).
- (e) Equipment that an owner or operator designates as being in VOC service less than 300 hours (hr)/yr is excluded from the requirements of §60.482-2 through 60.482-10 if it is identified as required in §60.486(e)(6) and it meets any of the conditions specified in paragraphs (e)(1) through (3) of this section.
- (1) The equipment is in VOC service only during startup and shutdown, excluding startup and shutdown between batches of the same campaign for a batch process.
  - (2) The equipment is in VOC service only during process malfunctions or other emergencies.
  - (3) The equipemnt is backup equipment that is in VOC service only when the primary equipment is out of service.
- (f) (1) If a dedicated batch process unit operates less than 365 days during a year, an owner or operator may monitor to detect leaks from pumps and valves at the frequency specified in the following table instead of monitoring as specified in §60.482-2, 60.482-7 and 60.483-2.

| Equivalent Monitoring Frequency Time in Use Operating time (% of hours during year) | Monthly | Quarterly | Semiannually 0 to < 25 | Quarterly | Annually | Annually 25 to < 50 | Quarterly | Semiannually | Annually 50 to < 75 | Bimonthly | Three Quarters | Semiannually | Monthly | 75 to 100 Quarterly | Semiannually

- (2) Pumps and valves that are shared among two or more batch process units that are subject to this subpart may be monitored at the frequencies specified in paragraph (f)(1) of this section, provided the operating time of all such process units is considered.
- (3) The monitoring frequencies specified in paragraph (f)(1) of this section are not requirements for monitoring at specific intervals and can be adjusted to accommodate process operations. An owner or operator may monitor at any time during the specified monitoring period (e.g., month, quarter, year), provided the monitoring is conducted at a reasonable interval after completion of the last monitoring campaign. Reasonable intervals are defined in paragraphs (f)(3)(i)through (iv) of this section.
  - (i) When monitoring is conducted quarterly, monitoring events must be separated by at least 30 calendar days.
- (ii) When monitoring is conducted semiannually (i.e., once every 2 quarters), monitoring events must be separated by at least 60 calendar days.
- (iii) When monitoring is conducted in 3 quarters per year, monitoring events must be separated by at least 90 calendar days.
  - (iv) When monitoring is conducted annually, monitoring events must be separated by at least 120 calendar days.
- (g) If the storage vessel is shared with multiple process units, the process unit with the greatest annual amount of stored materials (predominant use) is the process unit the storage vessel is assigned to. If the storage vessel is shared equally among process units, and one of the process units has equipment subject to subpart VVa of this part, the storage vessel is assigned to that process unit. If the storage vessel is shared equally among process units, none of which have equipment



subject to subpart Wa of this part, the storage vessel is assigned to any process unit subject to this subpart. If the predominant use of the storage vessel varies from year to year, then the owner or operator must estimate the predominant use initally and reassess every 3 years. The owner or operator must keep records of the information and supporting calculations that show how predominant use is determined. All equipment on the stroage vessel must be monitored when in VOC service.

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 22608, May 30, 1984; 65 FR 78276, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64880, Nov. 16, 2007]

Effective Date Note: At 73 FR 31375, June 2, 2008, in §60.482-1, paragraph (g) was stayed until further notice.

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.482-2] Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Standards: Pumps in light liquid service.

- (a) (1) Not applicable.
- (2) Each pump in light liquid service shall be checked by visual inspection each calendar week for indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal except as provided in §60-482-1(f).
- (b) (1) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (2) If there are indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal, the owner or operator shall follow the procedure specified in either paragraph (b)(2)(i) or (ii) of this section. This requirement does not apply to a pump that was monitored after a previous weekly inspection if the instrument reading for that monitoring event was less than 10,000 ppm and the pump was not repaired since that monitoring event.
- (i) Monitor the pump within 5 days as specified in §60.485(b). If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected. The leak shall be repaired using the procedures in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (ii) Designate the visual indications of liquids dripping as a leak, and repair the leak within 15 days of detection by eliminating the visual indications of liquids dripping.
- (c) (1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in 60.482-9.
- (2) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected. First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the practices described in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section, were practicable.
  - (i) Tightening the packing gland nuts;
  - (ii) Ensuring that the seal flush is operating at design pressure and temperature.
- (d) Each pump equipped with a dual mechanical seal system that includes a barrier fluid system is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section, provided the requirements specified in paragraphs (d)(1) through (6) of this section are met.
  - (1) Each dual mechanical seal system is-
    - (i) Operated with the barrier fluid at a pressure that is at all times greater than the pump stuffing box pressure; or
- (ii) Equipped with a barrier fluid degassing reservoir that is routed to a process or fuel gas system or connected by a closed vent system to a control device that complies with the requirements of 60.482-10; or
- (iii) Equipped with a system that purges the barrier fluid into a process stream with zero VOC emissions to the atmosphere.

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## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

- (2) The barrier fluid system is in heavy liquid service or is not in VOC service.
- (3) Each barrier fluid system is equipped with a sensor that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both.
- (4) (i) Each pump is checked by visual inspection, each calendar week, for indications of liquids dripping from the pump seals.
- (ii) If there are indications of liquids dripping from the pump seal at the time of the weekly inspection, the owner or operator shall follow the procedure specified in either paragraph (d)(4)(ii)(A) or (B) of this section.
- (A) Monitor the pump within 5 days as specified in §60.485(b) to determine if there is a leak of VOC in the barrier fluid. If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
  - (B) Designate the visual indications of liquids dripping as a leak.
- (5) (i) Each sensor as described in paragraph (d)(3) of this section is checked daily or is equipped with an audible alarm.
- (ii) The owner or operator determines, based on design considerations and operating experience, a criterion that indicates failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both.
- (iii) If the sensor indicates failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, based on the criterion established in paragraph (d)(5)(ii) of this section, a leak is detected.
- (6) (i) When a leak is detected pursuant to paragraph (d)(4)(ii)(A) of this section, it shall be repaired as specified in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (ii) When a leak is detected pursuant to paragraph (d)(5)(iii) of this section shall be repaired within 15 days of detection by eliminating the conditions that activated the sensor.
- (iii) A designated leak pursuant to paragraph (d)(4)(ii)(B) of this section shall be repaired within 15 days of detection by eliminating visual indications of liquids dripping.
- (e) Any pump that is designated, as described in 60.486(e)(1) and (2), for no detectable emission, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of this section if the pump:
  - (1) Has no externally actuated shaft penetrating the pump housing,
- (2) Is demonstrated to be operating with no detectable emissions as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background as measured by the methods specified in 60.485(c), and
- (3) Is tested for compliance with paragraph (e)(2) of this section initially upon designation, annually, and at other times requested by the Administrator.
- (f) If any pump is equipped with a closed vent system capable of capturing and transporting any leakage from the seal or seals to a process or to a fuel gas system or to a control device that complies with the requirements of 60.482-10, it is exempt from the paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section.
- (g) Any pump that is designated, as described in § 60.486(f)(1), as an unsafe-to-monitor pump is exempt from the monitoring and inspection requirements of paragraphs (a) and (d)(4) through (6) of this section if:
- (1) The owner or operator of the pump demonstrates that the pump is unsafe-to-monitor because monitoring personnel would be exposed to an immediate danger as a consequence of complying with paragraph (a) of this section; and





- (2) The owner or operator of the pump has a written plan that requires monitoring of the pump as frequently as practicable during safe-to-monitor times but not more frequently than the periodic monitoring schedule otherwise applicable, and repair of the equipment according to the procedures in paragraph (c) of this section if a leak is detected.
- (h) [Not applicable]

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 61762, Oct. 17, 2000; 65 FR 78276, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64880, Nov. 16, 2007]

# 004 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.482-4]
Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Standards: Pressure relief devices in gas/vapor service.

- (a) Except during pressure releases, each pressure relief device in gas/vapor service shall be operated with no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, as determined by the methods specified in 60.485(c).
- (b) (1) After each pressure release, the pressure relief device shall be returned to a condition of no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release, except as provided in 60.482-9.
- (2) No later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release, the pressure relief device shall be monitored to confirm the conditions of no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, by the methods specified in 60.485(c).
- (c) [Not applicable]
- (d) (1) Any pressure relief device that is equipped with a rupture disk upstream of the pressure relief device is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, provided the owner or operator complies with the requirements in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.
- (2) After each pressure release, a new rupture disk shall be installed upstream of the pressure relief device as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after each pressure release, except as provided in 60.482-9.

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 61762, Oct. 17, 2000; 65 FR 78277, Dec. 14, 2000]

# 005 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.482-7]
Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Standards: Valves in gas/vapor service and in light liquid service.

- (a) (1) [Not applicable.]
- (b) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (c) (1) (i) Any valve for which a leak is not detected for 2 successive months may be monitored the first month of every quarter, beginning with the next quarter, until a leak is detected.
- (ii) As an alternative to monitoring all of the valves in the first month of a quarter, an owner or operator may elect to subdivide the process unit into 2 or 3 subgroups of valves and monitor each subgroup in a different month during the quarter, provided each subgroup is monitored every 3 months. The owner or operator must keep records of the valves assigned to each subgroup.
  - (2) If a leak is detected, the valve shall be monitored monthly until a leak is not detected for 2 successive months.
- (d) (1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but no later than 15 calendar days after the leak is detected, except as provided in 60.482-9.







- (2) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.
- (e) First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the following best practices where practicable:
  - (1) Tightening of bonnet bolts;
  - (2) Replacement of bonnet bolts;
  - (3) Tightening of packing gland nuts;
  - (4) Injection of lubricant into lubricated packing.
- (f) Any valve that is designated, as described in 60.486(e)(2), for no detectable emissions, as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if the valve:
  - (1) Has no external actuating mechanism in contact with the process fluid,
- (2) Is operated with emissions less than 500 ppm above background as determined by the method specified in 60.485(c), and
- (3) Is tested for compliance with paragraph (f)(2) of this section initially upon designation, annually, and at other times requested by the Administrator.
- (g) Any valve that is designated, as described in 60.486(f)(1), as an unsafe-to-monitor valve is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if:
- (1) The owner or operator of the valve demonstrates that the valve is unsafe to monitor because monitoring personnel would be exposed to an immediate danger as a consequence of complying with paragraph (a), and
- (2) The owner or operator of the valve adheres to a written plan that requires monitoring of the valve as frequently as practicable during safe-to-monitor times.
- (h) Any valve that is designated, as described in 60.486(f)(2), as a difficult-to-monitor valve is exempt from the requirements of paragraph (a) if:
- (1) The owner or operator of the valve demonstrates that the valve cannot be monitored without elevating the monitoring personnel more than 2 meters above a support surface.
- (2) The process unit within which the valve is located either becomes an affected facility through §60.14 or §60.15 or the owner or operator designates less than 3.0 percent of the total number of valves as difficult-to-monitor, and
- (3) The owner or operator of the valve follows a written plan that requires monitoring of the valve at least once per calendar year.

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 22608, May 30, 1984; 65 FR 61762, Oct. 17, 2000; 72 FR 64881, Nov. 16, 2007]

# 006 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.482-8]
Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Standards: Pumps and valves in heavy liquid service, pressure relief devices in light liquid or heavy liquid service, and connectors.

(a) If evidence of a potential leak is found by visual, audible, olfactory, or any other detection method at pumps and valves in heavy liquid service, pressure relief devices in light liquid or heavy liquid service, and connectors, the owner or operator shall follow either one of the following procedures:







- (1) The owner or operator shall monitor the equipment within 5 days by the method specified in § 60.485(b) and shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section.
  - (2) The owner or operator shall eliminate the visual, audible, olfactory, or other indication of a potential leak.
- (b) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (c) (1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in 60.482-9.
  - (2) The first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.
- (d) First attempts at repair include, but are not limited to, the best practices described under §60.482-2(c)(2) and §60.482-7(e).

[48 CFR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 78277, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64882, Nov. 16, 2007]

# 007 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.483-1]
Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Alternative standards for valves - allowable percentage of valves leaking.

- (a) An owner or operator may elect to comply with an allowable percentage of valves leaking of equal to or less than 2.0 percent.
- (b) The following requirements shall be met if an owner or operator wishes to comply with an allowable percentage of valves leaking:
- (1) An owner or operator must notify the Administrator that the owner or operator has elected to comply with the allowable percentage of valves leaking before implementing this alternative standard, as specified in §60.487(d).
- (2) A performance test as specified in paragraph (c) of this section shall be conducted initially upon designation, annually, and at other times requested by the Administrator.
  - (3) If a valve leak is detected, it shall be repaired in accordance with §60.482-7(d) and (e).
- (c) Performance tests shall be conducted in the following manner:
- (1) All valves in gas/vapor and light liquid service within the affected facility shall be monitored within 1 week by the methods specified in 60.485(b).
  - (2) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (3) The leak percentage shall be determined by dividing the number of valves for which leaks are detected by the number of valves in gas/vapor and light liquid service within the affected facility.
- (d) Owners and operators who elect to comply with this alternative standard shall not have an affected facility with a leak percentage greater than 2.0 percent, determined as described in §60.485(h).

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 61762, Oct. 17, 2000; 65 FR 78278, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64882, Nov. 16, 2007]

# 008 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.483-2]
Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Alternative standards for valves-skip period leak detection and repair.

(a) (1) An owner or operator may elect to comply with one of the alternative work practices specified in paragraphs (b)(2)







and (3) of this section.

- (2) An owner or operator must notify the Administrator before implementing one of the alternative work practices, as specified in 60.487(d).
- (b) (1) An owner or operator shall comply initially with the requirements for valves in gas/vapor service and valves in light liquid service, as described in 60.482-7.
- (2) After 2 consecutive quarterly leak detection periods with the percent of valves leaking equal to or less than 2.0, an owner or operator may begin to skip 1 of the quarterly leak detection periods for the valves in gas/vapor and light liquid service.
- (3) After 5 consecutive quarterly leak detection periods with the percent of valves leaking equal to or less than 2.0, an owner or operator may begin to skip 3 of the quarterly leak detection periods for the valves in gas/vapor and light liquid service.
- (4) If the percent of valves leaking is greater than 2.0, the owner or operator shall comply with the requirements as described in 60.482-7 but can again elect to use this section.
  - (5) The percent of valves leaking shall be determined as described in §60.485(h).
  - (6) An owner or operator must keep a record of the percent of valves found leaking during each leak detection period.
- (7) A valve that begins operation in gas/vapor service or light liquid service after the initial startup date for a process unit following one of the alternative standards in this section must be monitored in accordance with §60.482-7(a)(2)(i) or (ii) before the provisions of this section can be applied to that valve.

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 61762, Oct. 17, 2000; 65 FR 78278, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64882, Nov. 16, 2007]

- # 009 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.633]
  Subpart KKK Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC From Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants.
  Exceptions.
- (a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart may comply with the following exceptions to the provisions of subpart W. [Referenced sections of subpart W are printed in separate conditions in this section of this State Only permit.]
- (b) (1) Each pressure relief device in gas/vapor service may be monitored quarterly and within 5 days after each pressure release to detect leaks by the methods specified in 60.485(b) except as provided in 60.632(c), paragraph (b)(4) of this section, and 60.482-4(a) through (c) of subpart VV.

[Quarterly monitoring of pressure relief devices in gas/vapor service under this subpart is not required by this operating permit according to the exemption under 40 CFR §60.633(d) and paragraph (d) of this permit condition.]

- (2) If an instrument reading of 10,000 ppm or greater is measured, a leak is detected.
- (3) (i) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but no later than 15 calendar days after it is detected, except as provided in 60.482-9.
  - (ii) A first attempt at repair shall be made no later than 5 calendar days after each leak is detected.
  - (4) [Not applicable]
- (c) Sampling connection systems are exempt from the requirements of 60.482-5.
- (d) Pumps in light liquid service, valves in gas/vapor and light liquid service, and pressure relief devices in gas/vapor



## SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

service that are located at a nonfractionating plant that does not have the design capacity to process 283,200 standard cubic meters per day (scmd) (10 million standard cubic feet per day) or more of field gas are exempt from the routine monitoring requirements of §§60.482-2(a)(1) and 60.482-7(a), and paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

(e) [Not applicable]

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- (f) Reciprocating compressors in wet gas service are exempt from the compressor control requirements of 60.482-3.
- (g) [Not applicable.]
- (h) An owner or operator may use the following provisions instead of 60.485(e):
- (1) Equipment is in heavy liquid service if the weight percent evaporated is 10 percent or less at 150 deg. C (302 deg. F) as determined by ASTM Method D86-78, 82, 90, 95, or 96 (incorporated by reference as specified in section 60.17).
- (2) Equipment is in light liquid service if the weight percent evaporated is greater than 10 percent at 150 deg. C (302 deg. F) as determined by ASTM Method D86-78, 82, 90, 95, or 96 (incorporated by reference as specified in section 60.17).

[50 FR 26124, June 24, 1985, as amended at 51 FR 2702, Jan. 21, 1986; 65 FR 61773, Oct. 17, 2000]

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.486] Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Recordkeeping requirements.

- (a)(1) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements of this section.
- (2) An owner or operator of more than one affected facility subject to the provisions of this subpart may comply with the recordkeeping requirements for these facilities in one recordkeeping system if the system identifies each record by each facility.
- (b) When each leak is detected as specified in §60.482-2, 60.482-3, 60.482-7, 60.482-8, and 60.483-2, the following requirements apply:
- (1) A weatherproof and readily visible identification, marked with the equipment identification number, shall be attached to the leaking equipment.
- (2) The identification on a valve may be removed after it has been monitored for 2 successive months as specified in 60.482-7(c) and no leak has been detected during those 2 months.
  - (3) The identification on equipment except on a valve, may be removed after it has been repaired.
- (c) When each leak is detected as specified in §60.482-2, 60.482-3, 60.482-7, 60.482-8, and 60.483-2, the following information shall be recorded in a log and shall be kept for 2 years in a readily accessible location:
  - (1) The instrument and operator identification numbers and the equipment identification number.
  - (2) The date the leak was detected and the dates of each attempt to repair the leak.
  - (3) Repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak.
- (4) "Above 10,000" if the maximum instrument reading measured by the methods specified in §60.485(a) after each repair attempt is equal to or greater than 10,000 ppm.



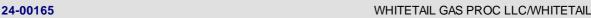




## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

- (5) "Repair delayed" and the reason for the delay if a leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak.
- (6) The signature of the owner or operator (or designate) whose decision it was that repair could not be effected without a process shutdown.
  - (7) The expected date of successful repair of the leak if a leak is not repaired within 15 days.
  - (8) Dates of process unit shutdowns that occur while the equipment is unrepaired.
  - (9) The date of successful repair of the leak.
- (d) [Not applicable to this facility]
- (e) The following information pertaining to all equipment subject to the requirements in §60.482-1 to 60.482-10 shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location:
  - (1) A list of identification numbers for equipment subject to the requirements of this subpart.
- (2) (i) A list of identification numbers for equipment that are designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of 60.482-2(e), 60.482-3(i) and 60.482-7(f).
- (ii) The designation of equipment as subject to the requirements of 60.482-2(e), 60.482-3(i), or 60.482-7(f) shall be signed by the owner or operator. Alternatively, the owner or operator may establish a mechanism with their permittiing authority that satisfies this requirement.
  - (3) A list of equipment identification numbers for pressure relief devices required to comply with 60.482-4.
  - (4) (i) The dates of each compliance test as required in 60.482-2(e), 60.482-3(i), 60.482-4, and 60.482-7(f).
    - (ii) The background level measured during each compliance test.
    - (iii) The maximum instrument reading measured at the equipment during each compliance test.
  - (5) A list of identification numbers for equipment in vacuum service.
- (6) A list of identification numbers for equipment that the owner or operator designates as operating in VOC service less than 300 hr/yr in accordance with §60.482-1(e), a description of the conditions under which the equipment is in VOC service, and rationale supporting the designation that it is in VOC service less than 300 hr/yr.
- (f) The following information pertaining to all valves subject to the requirements of 60.482-7(g) and (h) and to all pumps subject to the requirements of 60.482-2(g) shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location:
- (1) A list of identification numbers for valves and pumps that are designated as unsafe-to-monitor, an explanation for each valve or pump stating why the valve or pump is unsafe-to-monitor, and the plan for monitoring each valve or pump.
- (2) A list of identification numbers for valves that are designated as difficult-to-monitor, an explanation for each valve stating why the valve is difficult-to-monitor, and the schedule for monitoring each value.
- (g) The following information shall be recorded for valves complying with 60.483-2:
  - (1) A schedule of monitoring.
  - (2) The percent of valves found leaking during each monitoring period.
- (h) The following information shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location:





#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

- (1) Design criterion required in §60.482-2(d)(5) and 60.482-3(e)(2) and explanation of the design criterion; and
- (2) Any changes to this criterion and the reasons for the changes.
- (i) [Not applicable.]
- (j) Information and data used to demonstrate that a piece of equipment is not in VOC service shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location.
- (k) The provisions of 60.7(b) and (d) do not apply to affected facilities subject to this subpart.

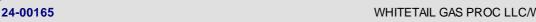
[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 61763, Oct. 17, 2000; 65 FR 78278, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64883, Nov. 16, 2007]

# 011 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.635] Subpart KKK - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC From Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants. Recordkeeping requirements.

[Referenced sections of subpart W are printed in separate conditions in this section of this State Only permit]

- (a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section in addition to the requirements of 60.486.
- (b) The following recordkeeping requirements shall apply to pressure relief devices subject to the requirements of 60.633(b)(1) of this subpart.
- (1) When each leak is detected as specified in 60.633(b)(2), a weatherproof and readily visible identification, marked with the equipment identification number, shall be attached to the leaking equipment. The identification on the pressure relief device may be removed after it has been repaired.
- (2) When each leak is detected as specified in 60.633(b)(2), the following information shall be recorded in a log and shall be kept for 2 years in a readily accessible location:
  - (i) The instrument and operator identification numbers and the equipment identification number.
  - (ii) The date the leak was detected and the dates of each attempt to repair the leak.
  - (iii) Repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak.
- (iv) "Above 10,000 ppm" if the maximum instrument reading measured by the methods specified in paragraph (a) of this section after each repair attempt is 10,000 ppm or greater.
- (v) "Repair delayed" and the reason for the delay if a leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak.
- (vi) The signature of the owner or operator (or designate) whose decision it was that repair could not be effected without a process shutdown.
  - (vii) The expected date of successful repair of the leak if a leak is not repaired within 15 days.
  - (viii) Dates of process unit shutdowns that occur while the equipment is unrepaired.
  - (ix) The date of successful repair of the leak.
- (x) A list of identification numbers for equipment that are designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of 60.482-4(a). The designation of equipment subject to the provisions of 60.482-4(a) shall be signed by the owner or operator.





#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

(c) An owner or operator shall comply with the following requirement in addition to the requirement of 60.486(j): Information and data used to demonstrate that a reciprocating compressor is in wet gas service to apply for the exemption in 60.633(f) shall be recorded in a log that is kept in a readily accessible location.

[Source: 50 FR 26124, June 24, 1985]

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.7] # 012

**Subpart A - General Provisions** 

Notification and record keeping.

Any owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall maintain a file of all measurements, including continuous monitoring system, monitoring device, and performance testing measurements; all continuous monitoring system performance evaluations; all continuous monitoring system or monitoring device calibration checks; adjustments and maintenance performed on these systems or devices; and all other information required by this part recorded in a permanent form suitable for inspection. The file shall be retained for at least two years following the date of such measurements, maintenance, reports, and records.

[from 40 CFR 60.7(f)]

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.12b]

Plan approval terms and conditions.

All notifications, requests, reports, applications and other communications to the Administrator shall be submitted to both the:

- (1) Regional Air Quality Program Manager, PA-DEP, 230 Chestnut St., Meadville, PA 16335; and
- (2) Director, Air Toxics and Radiation Division, U.S. EPA Region III, 1650 Arch St., Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029.

[From Plan Approval 24-165A, Section D, Source 107, Condition #011 & From Plan Approval 24-165B, Section D, Source 107, Condition #011. Compliance with this plan approval condition ensures compliance with 40 CFR § 60.4(a). Source ID 107, Equipment Leaks Gas Processing Plant, was re-assigned to new Source ID 701 by PA DEP Central Office.]

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.487] Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Reporting requirements.

- (a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall submit semiannual reports to the Administrator beginning six months after the initial start up date.
- (b) The initial semiannual report to the Administrator shall include the following information:
  - (1) Process unit identification.
- (2) Number of valves subject to the requirements of 60.482-7, excluding those valves designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of 60.482-7(f).
- (3) Number of pumps subject to the requirements of 60.482-2, excluding those pumps designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of 60.482-2(e) and those pumps complying with 60.482-2(f).
- (4) Number of compressors subject to the requirements of 60.482-3, excluding those compressors designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of 60.482-3(i) and those compressors complying with 60.482-3(h).
- (c) All semiannual reports to the Administrator shall include the following information, summarized from the information in 60.486:





## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

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- (1) Process unit identification.
- (2) For each month during the semiannual reporting period,
  - (i) Number of valves for which leaks were detected as described in 60.482(7)(b) or 60.483-2,
  - (ii) Number of valves for which leaks were not repaired as required in 60.482-7(d)(1),
  - (iii) Number of pumps for which leaks were detected as described in 60.482-2(b), (d)(4)(ii)(A) or (B), or (d)(5)(iii),
  - (iv) Number of pumps for which leaks were not repaired as required in 60.482-2(c)(1) and (d)(6),
  - (v) -- (vi) [Not applicable], and
- (vii) The facts that explain each delay of repair and, where appropriate, why a process unit shutdown was technically infeasible.
  - (3) Dates of process unit shutdowns which occurred within the semiannual reporting period.
- (4) Revisions to items reported according to paragraph (b) if changes have occurred since the initial report or subsequent revisions to the initial report.
- (d) An owner or opertor electing to comply with the provisions of sections 60.483-1 and 60.483-2 shall notify the Administrator of the alternative standard selected 90 days before implementing either of the provisions.
- (e) An owner or operator shall report the results of all performance tests in accordance with §60.8 of the General Provisions. The provisions of §60.8(d) do not apply to affected facilities subject to the provisions of this subpart except that an owner or operator must notify the Administrator of the schedule for the initial performance tests at least 30 days before the initial performance tests.
- (f) The requirements of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section remain in force until and unless EPA, in delegating enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Act, approves reporting requirements or an alternative means of compliance surveillance adopted by such State. In that event, affected sources within the State will be relieved of the obligation to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, provided that they comply with the requirements established by the State.

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 22608, May 30, 1984; 65 FR 61763, Oct. 17, 2000; 72 FR 64883, Nov. 16, 2007]

# 015 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.636]
Subpart KKK - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC From Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants.
Reporting requirements.

[Referenced sections of subpart W are printed in separate conditions in this State Only permit.]

- (a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section in addition to the requirements of 60.487.
- (b) An owner or operator shall include the following information in the initial semiannual report in addition to the information required in 60.487(b)(1)-(4): Number of pressure relief devices subject to the requirements of 60.633(b) except for those pressure relief devices designated for no detectable emissions under the provisions of 60.482-4(a) and those pressure relief devices complying with 60.482-4(c).
- (c) An owner or operator shall include the following information in all semiannual reports in addition to the information required in 60.487(c)(2)(i) through (vi):
  - (1) Number of pressure relief devices for which leaks were detected as required in 60.633(b)(2) and







#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

(2) Number of pressure relief devices for which leaks were not repaired as required in 60.633(b)(3).

Source: 50 FR 26124, June 24, 1985

# 016 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.7]

Subpart A - General Provisions

Notification and record keeping.

Any owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall furnish the Administrator written notification as follows:

A notification of any physical or operational change to an existing facility which may increase the emission rate of any air pollutant to which a standard applies, unless that change is specifically exempted under an applicable subpart or in 60.14(e). This notice shall be postmarked 60 days or as soon as practicable before the change is commenced and shall include information describing the precise nature of the change, present and proposed emission control systems, productive capacity of the facility before and after the change, and the expected completion date of the change. The Administrator may request additional relevant information subsequent to this notice.

[from 40 CFR 60.7(a)(4)]

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

## [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.11]

**Subpart A - General Provisions** 

Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements.

At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, owners and operators shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected facility including associated air pollution control equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source.

[from 40 CFR 60.11(d)]

#### # 018 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.482-6]

Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Standards: Open-ended valves or lines.

- (a) (1) Each open-ended valve or line shall be equipped with a cap, blind flange, plug, or a second valve, except as provided in 60.482-1(c) and paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section.
- (2) The cap, blind flange, plug, or second valve shall seal the open end at all times except during operations requiring process fluid flow through the open-ended valve or line.
- (b) Each open-ended valve or line equipped with a second valve shall be operated in a manner such that the valve on the process fluid end is closed before the second valve is closed.
- (c) When a double block-and-bleed system is being used, the bleed valve or line may remain open during operations that require venting the line between the block valves but shall comply with paragraph (a) at all other times.
- (d) Open-ended valves or lines in an emergency shutdown system which are designed to open automatically in the event of a process upset are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this section.
- (e) Open-ended valves or lines containing materials which would autocatalytically polymerize or would present an explosion, serious overpressure, or other safety hazard if capped or equipped with a double block and bleed system as specified in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section.



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## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 22607, May 30, 1984; 65 FR 78277, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64881, Nov. 16, 2007]

## # 019 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.482-9]

Subpart VV - Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC in the Synthetic Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry

Standards: Delay of repair.

- (a) Delay of repair of equipment for which leaks have been detected will be allowed if repair within 15 days is technically infeasible without a process unit shutdown. Repair of this equipment shall occur before the end of the next process unit shutdown. Monitoring to verify repair must occur within 15 days after startup of the process unit.
- (b) Delay of repair of equipment will be allowed for equipment which is isolated from the process and which does not remain in VOC service.
- (c) Delay of repair for valves will be allowed if:
- (1) The owner or operator demonstrates that emissions of purged material resulting from immediate repair are greater than the fugitive emissions likely to result from delay of repair, and
- (2) When repair procedures are effected, the purged material is collected and destroyed or recovered in a control device complying with 60.482-10.
- (d) Delay of repair for pumps will be allowed if:
  - (1) Repair requires the use of a dual mechanical seal system that includes a barrier fluid system, and
  - (2) Repair is completed as soon as practicable, but not later than 6 months after the leak was detected.
- (e) Delay of repair beyond a process unit shutdown will be allowed for a valve, if valve assembly replacement is necessary during the process unit shutdown, valve assembly supplies have been depleted, and valve assembly supplies had been sufficiently stocked before the supplies were depleted. Delay of repair beyond the next process unit shutdown will not be allowed unless the next process unit shutdown occurs sooner than 6 months after the first process unit shutdown.
- (f) When delay of repair is allowed for a leaking pump or valve that remains in service, the pump or valve may be considered to be repaired and no longer subject to delay of repair requirements if two consecutive monthly monitoring instrument readings are below the leak definition.

[48 FR 48335, Oct. 18, 1983, as amended at 65 FR 78277, Dec. 14, 2000; 72 FR 64882, Nov. 16, 2007]

### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

## # 020 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.11]

**Subpart A - General Provisions** 

Compliance with standards and maintenance requirements.

For the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not a person has violated or is in violation of any standard in this part, nothing in this part shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information, relevant to whether a source would have been in compliance with applicable requirements if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

[from 40 CFR 60.11(g)]

# 021 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.12]

Subpart A - General Provisions

Circumvention.

No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this part shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment





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## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

or process, the use of which conceals an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of an applicable standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to, the use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with an opacity standard or with a standard which is based on the concentration of a pollutant in the gases discharged to the atmosphere.

[39 FR 9314, Mar. 8, 1974]

- # 022 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.632]
  Subpart KKK Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC From Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants.
  Standards.
- (a) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the requirements of 60.482-1(a), (b), and (d) and 60.482-2 through 60.482-10 except as provided in 60.633, as soon as practicable, but no later than 180 days after initial startup.
  - [60.482-2 through 60.482-10, as applicable, are printed in separate conditions in this section of the permit.]
- (b) An owner or operator may elect to comply with the requirements of 60.483-1 and 60.483-2.
  - [60.483-1 and 60.483-2 are printed in separate conditions in this section of the permit.]
- (c) [Not applicable]
- (d) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the provisions of 60.485 except as provided in 60.633(f) of this subpart.
  - [60.485 is printed in separate conditions in this section of the permit.]
- (e) Each owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the provisions of 60.486 and 60.487 except as provided in 60.633, 60.635, and 60.636 of this subpart.
  - [60.486 and 60.487 are printed in separate conditions in this section of the permit.]
- (f) An owner or operator shall use the following provision instead of 60.485(d)(1): Each piece of equipment is presumed to be in VOC service or in wet gas service unless an owner or operator demonstrates that the piece of equipment is not in VOC service or in wet gas service. For a piece of equipment to be considered not in VOC service, it must be determined that the VOC content can be reasonably expected never to exceed 10.0 percent by weight. For a piece of equipment to be considered in wet gas service, it must be determined that it contains or contacts the field gas before the extraction step in the process. For purposes of determining the percent VOC content of the process fluid that is contained in or contacts a piece of equipment, procedures that conform to the methods described in ASTM E169-63, 77, or 93, E168-67, 77, or 92, or E260-73, 91, or 96 (incorporated by reference as specified in 60.17) shall be used.

[50 FR 26124, June 24, 1985, as amended at 65 FR 61773, Oct. 17, 2000]



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## **SECTION E.** Source Group Restrictions.

Group Name: 1 - STATIONARY RICE - PA REQMTS

Group Description: Conditions from 25 Pa. Code for Stationary Engines

Sources included in this group

ID	Name
108	INLET COMPRESSOR ENGINE 700 HP CAT G398TA (C0540)
109	EMERGENCY GENERATOR 162 HP KOHLER 100REZG

## I. RESTRICTIONS.

## **Emission Restriction(s).**

## # 001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

### **Processes**

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from any process in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas exceeds 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot.

## # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

### **General**

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).



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#### SECTION E. **Source Group Restrictions.**

Group Name: 2 - NESHAP FOR RICE

Group Description: 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ - NESHAP for Natural gas fueled Stationary RICE

Sources included in this group

Name 108 INLET COMPRESSOR ENGINE 700 HP CAT G398TA (C0540)

## RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

## [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6603]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

What emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements must I meet if I own or operate an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions?

[Introductory paragraph of the regulation is not applicable to this source.]

- (a) If you own or operate an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions, you must comply with the requirements in Table 2d to this subpart and the operating limitations in Table 2b to this subpart that apply to you.
- (b) (e) [Paragraphs (b) through (e) of the regulation are not applicable to these sources.]
- (f) An existing non-emergency SI 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 HP located at area sources of HAP must meet the definition of remote stationary RICE in §63.6675 on the initial compliance date for the engine, October 19, 2013, in order to be considered a remote stationary RICE under this subpart.

Owners and operators of existing non-emergency SI 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 HP located at area sources of HAP that meet the definition of remote stationary RICE in §63.6675 of this subpart as of October 19, 2013 must evaluate the status of their stationary RICE every 12 months.

Owners and operators must keep records of the initial and annual evaluation of the status of the engine.

If the evaluation indicates that the stationary RICE no longer meets the definition of remote stationary RICE in §63.6675 of this subpart, the owner or operator must comply with all of the requirements for existing non-emergency SI 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 HP located at area sources of HAP that are not remote stationary RICE within 1 year of the evaluation.

[75 FR 9675, Mar. 3, 2010, as amended at 75 FR 51589, Aug. 20, 2010; 76 FR 12866, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6701, Jan. 30, 2013]

#### # 002 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6655]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

What records must I keep?

(a) - (d) [Paragraphs (a) through (d) of the regulation are not applicable to these sources.]







- (e) You must keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that you operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to your own maintenance plan if you own or operate any of the following stationary RICE;
  - (1) (2) [Not applicable]
- (3) An existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions subject to management practices as shown in Table 2d to this subpart.
- (f) [Paragraph (f) of the regulation is not applicable to these sources.]

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51592, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6706, Jan. 30, 2013]

## # 003 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6660]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

In what form and how long must I keep my records?

- (a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to §63.10(b)(1).
- (b) As specified in §63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.
- (c) You must keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least 5 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to §63.10(b)(1).

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 75 FR 9678, Mar. 3, 2010]

### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

## # 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 2d]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

Requirements for Existing Stationary RICE Located at Area Sources of HAP Emissions

As stated in §§63.6603 and 63.6640, you must comply with the following requirements for existing stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP emissions:

[Category 11 applies and is reprinted here. Categories 1-10, 12-13 do not apply and are omitted from this paragraph.]

 $For each Non-emergency, non-black start 4SRB \ remote \ stationary \ RICE > 500 \ HP, you \ must \ meet \ the following \ requirement$ 

a. Change oil and filter every 2,160 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; [See note 1.]

- b. Inspect spark plugs every 2,160 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; and
- c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 2,160 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.

Note 1: Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in §63.6625(i) or (j) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2d of this subpart.

Note 2: [Not applicable.]

[Source: 78 FR 6709, Jan. 30, 2013]







#### # 005 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 6]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

Table 6 to Subpart ZZZZ of Part 63.-- Continuous Compliance With Emission Limitations and Operating Limitations

As stated in §63.6640, you must continuously comply with the emissions and operating limitations and work or management practices as required by the following:

[Category 9 of Table 6 to Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ applies. Applicable requirements from Table 6 are included here. Nonapplicable text from Table 6 is omitted.]

For each existing non-emergency 4SLB and 4SRB stationary RICE >500 HP located at an area source of HAP that are remote stationary RICE, complying with the Work or Management practices requirement, you must demonstrate continuous compliance by . . .

- i. Operating and maintaining the stationary RICE according to the manufacturer's emission-related operation and maintenance instructions; or
- ii. Develop and follow your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.

[76 FR 12870, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6700, Jan. 30, 2013]

#### # 006 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6605]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?

- (a) You must be in compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements in this subpart that apply to you at all times.
- (b) At all times you must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require you to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

[75 FR 9675, Mar. 3, 2010, as amended at 78 FR 6702, Jan. 30, 2013]

## [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6625]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

What are my monitoring, installation, operation, and maintenance requirements?

- (a) (g) [Paragraphs (a) through (g) of the regulation are not applicable to these sources.]
- (h) If you operate a new, reconstructed, or existing stationary engine, you must minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the emission standards applicable to all times other than startup in Tables 1a, 2a, 2c, and 2d to this subpart apply.

[Note: only Item 11 of Table 2d is applicable to this source. Tables 1a, 2a, & 2c are not applicable to this source.]

- (i) [Paragraph (i) of the regulation is not applicable to these sources.]
- (j) If you own or operate a stationary SI engine that is subject to the work, operation or management practices in items 6, 7, or 8 of Table 2c to this subpart or in items 5, 6, 7, 9, or 11 of Table 2d to this subpart, you have the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Tables 2c and 2d to this subpart. The oil







analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2c or 2d to this subpart. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Acid Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Acid Number increases by more than 3.0 milligrams of potassium hydroxide (KOH) per gram from Total Acid Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the engine owner or operator is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9676, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51589, Aug. 20, 2010; 76 FR 12866, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6703, Jan. 30, 2013]

#### # 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6640]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements?

(a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with each emission limitation, operating limitation, and other requirements in Tables 1a and 1b, Tables 2a and 2b, Table 2c, and Table 2d to this subpart that apply to you according to methods specified in Table 6 to this subpart.

[Note: Tables 2d and 6 have requirements applicable to these sources; none of Tables 1a, 1b, 2a, or 2c apply to these sources.]

- (b) (d) [Paragraphs (b) through (d) of the regulation are not applicable to these sources.]
- (e) You must also report each instance in which you did not meet the requirements in Table 8 to this subpart that apply to you. [Non-applicable text from the regulation is omitted from this paragraph.]
- (f) [Paragraph (f) of the regulation does not apply to these sources.]

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 20467, Apr. 20, 2006; 73 FR 3606, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9676, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51591, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6704, Jan. 30, 2013]

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 009 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6675]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

What definitions apply to this subpart?

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the Clean Air Act (CAA); in 40 CFR 63.2, the General Provisions of this part; and in this section as follows:

[Selected definitions from 63.6675 are printed below. Refer to regulation for remaining definitions.]

Remote stationary RICE means stationary RICE meeting any of the following criteria:

- (1) Stationary RICE located in an offshore area that is beyond the line of ordinary low water along that portion of the coast of the United States that is in direct contact with the open seas and beyond the line marking the seaward limit of inland waters.
- (2) Stationary RICE located on a pipeline segment that meets both of the criteria in paragraphs (2)(i) and (ii) of this definition.
  - (i) A pipeline segment with 10 or fewer buildings intended for human occupancy and no buildings with four or more







stories within 220 yards (200 meters) on either side of the centerline of any continuous 1-mile (1.6 kilometers) length of pipeline. Each separate dwelling unit in a multiple dwelling unit building is counted as a separate building intended for human occupancy.

- (ii) The pipeline segment does not lie within 100 yards (91 meters) of either a building or a small, well-defined outside area (such as a playground, recreation area, outdoor theater, or other place of public assembly) that is occupied by 20 or more persons on at least 5 days a week for 10 weeks in any 12-month period. The days and weeks need not be consecutive. The building or area is considered occupied for a full day if it is occupied for any portion of the day.
- (iii) For purposes of this paragraph (2), the term pipeline segment means all parts of those physical facilities through which gas moves in transportation, including but not limited to pipe, valves, and other appurtenance attached to pipe, compressor units, metering stations, regulator stations, delivery stations, holders, and fabricated assemblies. Stationary RICE located within 50 yards (46 meters) of the pipeline segment providing power for equipment on a pipeline segment are part of the pipeline segment. Transportation of gas means the gathering, transmission, or distribution of gas by pipeline, or the storage of gas. A building is intended for human occupancy if its primary use is for a purpose involving the presence of humans.
- (3) Stationary RICE that are not located on gas pipelines and that have 5 or fewer buildings intended for human occupancy and no buildings with four or more stories within a 0.25 mile radius around the engine. A building is intended for human occupancy if its primary use is for a purpose involving the presence of humans.

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 20467, Apr. 20, 2006; 73 FR 3607, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9679, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 51592, Aug. 20, 2010; 76 FR 12867, Mar. 9, 2011; 78 FR 6706, Jan. 30, 2013]



## 24-00165



## **SECTION E.** Source Group Restrictions.

Group Name: 3 - NSPS FOR ICE

Group Description: 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ - NSPS for Natural gas fueled Stationary Emergency Engine

Sources included in this group

ID Name
109 EMERGENCY GENERATOR 162 HP KOHLER 100REZG

### I. RESTRICTIONS.

## **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ Table 1]

Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Table 1 to Subpart JJJJ of Part 60.--

Emergency SI Engines >= 100 hp (Except Gasoline and Rich Burn LPG), Stationary SI Landfill/Digester Gas Engines, and Stationary Emergency Engines > 25 hp

For Emergency Engine and Maximum engine power of 25 < HP < 130 and Manufacture date after 1/1/2009, Emission Standards are (See note a):

NOx: 2.0 g/hp-hr CO: 4.0 g/hp-hr

VOC: 1.0 g/hp-hr (See note d) NOx: 160 ppmvd at 15% O2 CO: 540 ppmvd at 15% O2

VOC: 86 ppmvd at 15% O2 (See note d)

Notes:

note a: Owners and operators of stationary non-certified SI engines may choose to comply with the emission standards in units of either g/HP-hr or ppmvd at 15 percent O2.

note b: [Not applicable.] note c: [Not applicable.]

note d: For purposes of this subpart, when calculating emissions of volatile organic compounds, emissions of formaldehyde should not be included.

[76 FR 37975, June 28, 2011]

## # 002 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4233]

Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What emission standards must I meet if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

(a) - (d) [Not applicable.]

(e) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 75 KW (100 HP) (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) must comply with the emission standards in Table 1 to this subpart for their stationary SI ICE. For owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 100 HP (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) manufactured prior to January 1, 2011 that were certified to the certification emission standards in 40 CFR part 1048 applicable to engines that are not severe duty engines, if such stationary SI ICE was certified to a carbon monoxide (CO) standard above the standard in Table 1 to this subpart, then the owners and operators may meet the CO certification (not field testing) standard for which the engine was certified.

(f) - (h) [Not applicable.]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37973, June 28, 2011]

# 003 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4234]

Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
How long must I meet the emission standards if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?







Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE must operate and maintain stationary SI ICE that achieve the emission standards as required in §60.4233 over the entire life of the engine.

[Source: 73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008]

## Operation Hours Restriction(s).

# 004 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4243]

Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) (c) [Paragraphs (a) through (c) are printed under RECORDKEEPING in this section of permit.]
- (d) If you own or operate an emergency stationary ICE, you must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section, is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
  - (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary ICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs (d)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (d)(3) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (d)(2).
- (i) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
  - (ii) [Not applicable.]
- (iii) [This paragraph of the regulation was vacated on May 1, 2015. Reference April 15, 2016, EPA memorandum on 'Guidance on Vacatur of RICE NESHAP and NSPS Provisions for Emergency Engines'.]
- (3) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph (d)(2) of this section. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(3)(i) of this section, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or nonemergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
  - (i) [Not applicable.]
  - (ii) [Reserved]
- (e) Owners and operators of stationary SI natural gas fired engines may operate their engines using propane for a maximum of 100 hours per year as an alternative fuel solely during emergency operations, but must keep records of such use. If propane is used for more than 100 hours per year in an engine that is not certified to the emission standards when using propane, the owners and operators are required to conduct a performance test to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards of §60.4233.
- (f) [Paragraph (f) is printed under WORK PRACTICES in this section of permit.]







(g) - (i) [Paragraphs 60.4243(g) through (i) are not applicable to this source.]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013]

### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 005 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4243] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine that is manufactured after July 1, 2008, and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4233(a) through (c), you must comply by purchasing an engine certified to the emission standards in §60.4231(a) through (c), as applicable, for the same engine class and maximum engine power. In addition, you must meet one of the requirements specified in (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) If you operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, you must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required if you are an owner or operator. You must also meet the requirements as specified in 40 CFR part 1068, subparts A through D, as they apply to you. If you adjust engine settings according to and consistent with the manufacturer's instructions, your stationary SI internal combustion engine will not be considered out of compliance.
- (2) If you do not operate and maintain the certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, your engine will be considered a non-certified engine, and you must demonstrate compliance according to (a)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section, as appropriate.
  - (i) [Not applicable]
- (ii) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, you must conduct an initial performance test within 1 year of engine startup to demonstrate compliance.
  - (iii) [Not applicable]
- (b) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4233(d) or (e), you must demonstrate compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) Purchasing an engine certified according to procedures specified in this subpart, for the same model year and demonstrating compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
  - [Paragraph 60.4243(b)(2) is not applicable to this source.]
- (c) [Paragraph 60.4243(c) is not applicable to this source.]
- (d) (e) [Paragraphs (d) and (e) are printed under RESTRICTIONS in this section of permit.]







- (f) (g) [Paragraphs (f) and (g) are printed under WORK PRACTICES in this section of permit.]
- (h) (i) [Paragraphs 60.4243(h) and (i) are not applicable to this source.]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013]

# 006 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4245]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my notification, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

Owners or operators of stationary SI ICE must meet the following notification, reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) Owners and operators of all stationary SI ICE must keep records of the information in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.
  - (1) All notifications submitted to comply with this subpart and all documentation supporting any notification.
  - (2) Maintenance conducted on the engine.
- (3) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is a certified engine, documentation from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the emission standards and information as required in 40 CFR parts 90, 1048, 1054, and 1060, as applicable.
- (4) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is not a certified engine or is a certified engine operating in a non-certified manner and subject to §60.4243(a)(2), documentation that the engine meets the emission standards.
- (b) (e) [Paragraphs (b) through (e) of the regulation are not applicable to this source.]

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 73 FR 59177, Oct. 8, 2008; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013; 81 FR 59809, Aug. 30, 2016]

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

## VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 007 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4243]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) (c) [Paragraphs (a) through (c) are printed under RECORDKEEPING in this section of permit.]
- (d) (e) [Paragraphs (d) and (e) are printed under RESTRICTIONS in this section of permit.]
- (f) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine that is less than or equal to 500 HP and you purchase a non-certified engine or you do not operate and maintain your certified stationary SI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's written emission-related instructions, you are required to perform initial performance testing as indicated in this section, but you are not required to conduct subsequent performance testing unless the stationary engine is rebuilt or undergoes major repair or maintenance. A rebuilt stationary SI ICE means an engine that has been rebuilt as that term is defined in 40 CFR 94.11(a).
- (g) It is expected that air-to-fuel ratio controllers will be used with the operation of three-way catalysts/non-selective catalytic reduction. The AFR controller must be maintained and operated appropriately in order to ensure proper operation of the engine and control device to minimize emissions at all times.
- (h) (i) [Paragraphs 60.4243(h) and (i) are not applicable to this source.]







[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6697, Jan. 30, 2013]

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

# 008 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4246] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 3 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in § §60.1 through 60.19 apply to you. [Refer to regulation for Table 3 of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ.]

[Source: 73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008]

# 009 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4248] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What definitions apply to this subpart?

As used in this subpart, all terms not defined herein shall have the meaning given them in the CAA and in subpart A of this part.

[Selected definitions are printed below. Refer to regulation for remaining definitions.]

Pipeline-quality natural gas means a naturally occurring fluid mixture of hydrocarbons (e.g., methane, ethane, or propane) produced in geological formations beneath the Earth's surface that maintains a gaseous state at standard atmospheric temperature and pressure under ordinary conditions, and which is provided by a supplier through a pipeline. Pipelinequality natural gas must either be composed of at least 70 percent methane by volume or have a gross calorific value between 950 and 1,100 British thermal units per standard cubic foot.

[73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008, as amended at 73 FR 59177, Oct. 8, 2008; 76 FR 37974, June 28, 2011; 78 FR 6698, Jan. 30, 2013]





# **SECTION F.** Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this State Only facility.







# **SECTION G.** Emission Restriction Summary.

Source Id	Source Description
Jource Id	Oddice Description

102 REFRIGERATION COMPRESSOR 277 HP AJAX DPC-2202LE (C0510)

<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant
2.000	GRAMS/HP-Hr		CO
2.000	GRAMS/HP-Hr		NOX
500.000	PPMV	dry basis	SOX
0.020	gr/DRY FT3		TSP
1.900	GRAMS/HP-Hr		VOC

108 INLET COMPRESSOR ENGINE 700 HP CAT G398TA (C0540)

<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant
500.000	PPMV	dry basis	SOX
0.040	gr/DRY FT3		TSP

109 EMERGENCY GENERATOR 162 HP KOHLER 100REZG

Emission Limit			Pollutant
4.000	GRAMS/HP-Hr	Emerg SI >= 100hp	CO
540.000	PPMV	at 15% O2; Emerg SI >= 100hp	CO
2.000	GRAMS/HP-Hr	Emerg SI >= 100hp	NOX
160.000	PPMV	at 15% O2; Emerg SI >= 100hp	NOX
500.000	PPMV	dry basis	SOX
0.040	gr/DRY FT3		TSP
1.000	GRAMS/HP-Hr	Emerg SI >= 100hp	VOC
86.000	PPMV	at 15% O2; Emerg SI >= 100hp	VOC

201 HEAT MEDIUM HEATER

<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant
4.000	Lbs/MMBTU	over any 1-hour period	SOX

401 GLYCOL DEHYDRATOR

<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant	
2.550	Tons/Yr	based on a 12-month rolling total	VOC	

## **Site Emission Restriction Summary**

Emission Limit	Pollutant







## SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

- (a) This facility is located at 5456 Highland Road, Kane, PA 16735.
- (b) Source ID's in the permit were removed and replaced with new Source ID's in a state-wide electronic data dump into the AIMS database. Affected sources:
  - Source ID 101 was removed and replaced by ID 201.
  - Source ID 103 was removed and replaced by ID 401.
  - Source ID 104 was removed and replaced by ID 301.
  - Source ID 107 was removed and replaced by ID 701.
- (c) The Capacity/Throughput numbers listed in Section A, the Site Inventory List, and provided in Section D of this permit for individual sources are for informational purposes only and are not to be considered enforceable limits. Enforceable emission limits are listed in the Restrictions section for each source and source group and in Section C. The emission limitations contained in Section G of this permit are for informational purposes and are not to be considered as enforceable limits.
- (d) Source ID: Department assigned ID number for the source

Source Name: Department assigned name for the source

Capacity/Throughput: The maximum capacity or throughput for the source (not a limit)

Fuel/Material: The fuel/material assigned to SCC for the source

Schematics:

FML: Fuel material location
CU: Combustion Unit source

PROC: Process
CNTL: Control device

STAC: Emission point / Stack

Pollutant:

CO: Carbon Monoxide
NOx: Nitrogen Oxides
SOx: Sulfur Oxides

TSP: Total Suspended Particulate VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

(e) All reports, submittals, and other communications required by this permit shall be submitted to the following office.

Bureau of Air Quality
Department of Environmental Protection
230 Chestnut Street
Meadville, PA 16335
814-332-6940 (phone)
814-332-6121 (fax)

The address and phone number for notification is:

Bureau of Air Quality DEP Northwest Regional Office 230 Chestnut Street Meadville, PA 16335 Office Hours 8 a.m. - 4 p.m. Phone: 814-332-6945 (business hours) 1-800-373-3398 (after hours)

- (f) For the purpose of this operating permit, Source 401, Dehydrator, (Previously known as Source ID 103) consists of the following:
  - Regenerator
  - Flash Gas
  - Flash Tank Off Gas
- (g) For the purpose of this operating permit, Source 301, [Storage Tanks (V-2910 & V-2920), (Previously known as Source ID 104) consists of the following:
  - Storage Tank (V-2910) 300 gph; 30,000 gallon capacity
  - Storage Tank (V-2920) 300 gph; 30,000 gallon capacity





## **SECTION H.** Miscellaneous.

- (h) The following regulations are incorporated into this permit by reference. 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ Table 8
- (i) This new operating permit is issued on December 22, 2011.
- (j) This operating permit renewal, effective June 13, 2017, is issued on June 13, 2017.





\*\*\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*\*\*